



CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION With Independent Auditors' Report

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

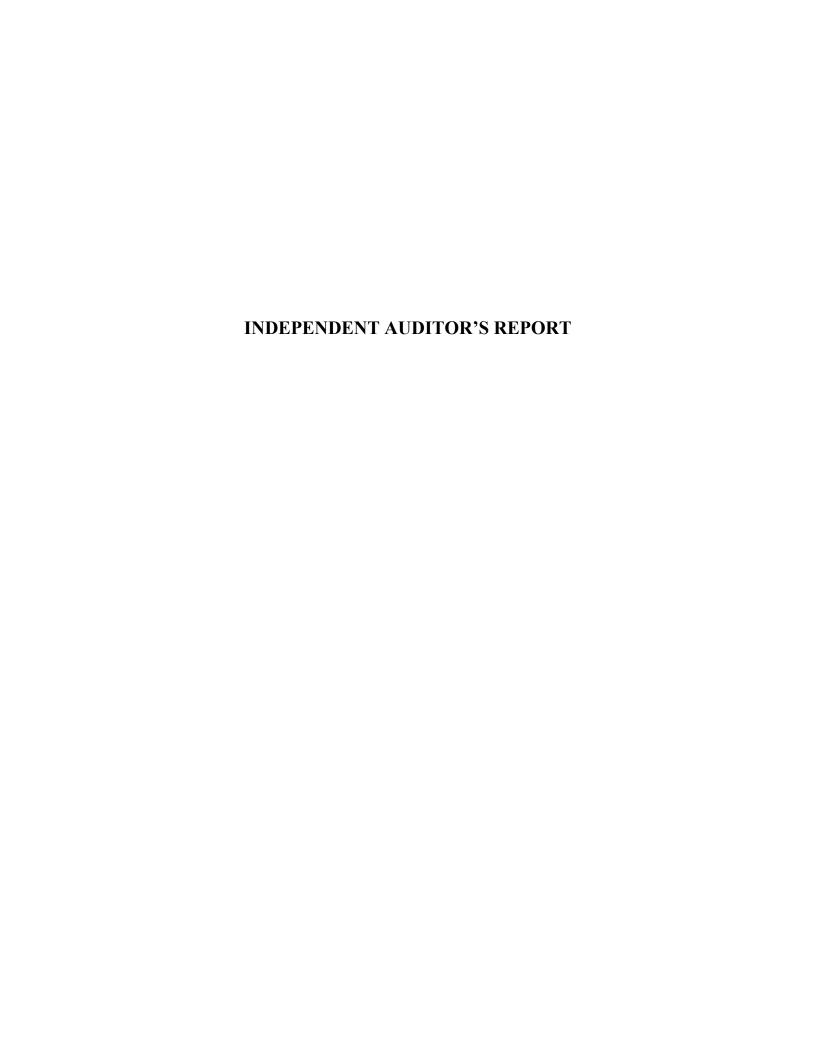
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Amy Lathen – General Manager

CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Cherokee Metropolitan District Colorado Springs, Colorado

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Cherokee Metropolitan District, (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 1 through 5 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Report on Other Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplemental schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental schedules on pages 37 through 39 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Stockman Kast Ryan + Co. LLP

September 28, 2022



CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is presented to provide an overview of the financial activities and conditions for the fiscal year ended on December 31, 2021. The MD&A contains information currently known to management as of the date of the auditor's report. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements that accompany this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total Assets equaled \$187,170,955 for 2021.
- Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments as of December 31, 2021 were \$60,238,646.
- Total Liabilities, as of December 31, 2021, equaled \$71,068,511.
- Net Position, as of December 31, 2021, totaled \$116,102,444.
- Governmental change in Net Position from 2020 to 2021 totaled \$29,539.
- Business-type change in Net Position from 2020 to 2021 totaled \$12,727,585.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements consist of three parts - management discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and supplemental information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two are government-wide statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of supplemental information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Government-wide Statements — The government-wide statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements report information about the District as a whole and include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the District's financial status, or financial position. Over time increases or decreases in the District's net position is one indicator whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

Fund Financial Statements — The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant funds, not the District as a whole. The District's two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches.

Governmental Funds — The activity of the District's General fund is reported as a governmental fund, which focuses on how money flows into and out of the General fund. This fund is reported using the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all of the other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statement provides a detailed short-term view of the District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Proprietary (Enterprise) Funds — The activity of the District Enterprise funds is to report the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the District's Enterprise fund is the same as the business-type activities reported in the governmental-wide statements but provides more detailed and additional information, such as cash flows.

District Specific — The Cherokee Metropolitan District utilizes two separate financial categories of activities; one for the general district functions and one for the enterprise, or business-type functions. Each of these, in turn, is segregated into operational and capital functions. Together, these comprise the overall government-wide statements. The Governmental, or general, category covers the public functions involving street lighting and parks. The Proprietary, or Business-type, category involves the public provision of water, wastewater, reuse water, related administration, and golf course functions. The Governmental functions are funded by fees and conservation trust funds. The Proprietary functions are funded by water and sewer user charges, tap fees, golf fees, and, similarly, bond financing when required for capital projects.

FINANCIAL POSITION & RESULTS FROM OPERATIONS

NET POSITION:

		2021		2020							
	ernmental ctivities		siness-Type Activities	Т	Total		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Γotal
ASSET											
Other	\$ 526,884	\$	61,831,198	\$ 62,	358,082	\$	482,430	\$	70,768,039	\$ 71	,250,469
Capital	481,939	1	124,330,934	124,	812,873		499,874		100,664,765	101	,164,639
Total assets	\$ 1,008,823	\$ 1	186,162,132	\$ 187,	170,955	\$	982,304	\$	171,432,804	\$ 172	2,415,108

	2021					2020						
	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities		Total		vernmental Activities	В	Susiness-Type Activities		Total	
LIABILITIES Current Long-term	\$ 8,662	\$	6,724,362 64,335,487	\$	6,733,024 64,335,487	\$	11,682	\$	3,201,526 65,856,580	\$	3,213,208 65,856,580	
Total assets	\$ 8,662	\$	71,059,849	\$	71,068,511	\$	11,682	\$	69,058,106	\$	69,069,788	
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted position Unrestricted position	\$ 481,939 432,739 85,483	\$	58,459,321 28,824,361 27,818,601	\$	58,941,260 29,257,100 27,904,084	\$	499,874 281,232 189,516	\$	33,410,560 48,672,185 20,291,953	\$	33,910,434 48,953,417 20,481,469	
Total assets	\$ 1,000,161	\$	115,102,283	\$	116,102,444	\$	970,622	\$	102,374,698	\$	103,345,320	

Condensed Statements of Activities for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021					2020						
		ve rnme ntal		siness-Type			Governmental		Business-Type			
	A	ctivities		Activities		Total	A	ctivities		Activities		Total
Charges for service Operating grants	\$	323,597	\$	15,105,022		15,428,619	\$	316,737	\$	15,499,227	\$	15,815,964
and contributions Capital grants		150,525				150,525		127,519				127,519
and contributions				6,899,413		6,899,413				3,077,928		3,077,928
Investment earnings		366		27,839		28,205		2,035		121,820		123,855
Other revenues				2,657,038		2,657,038				2,738,794		2,738,794
Total revenues	\$	474,488	\$	24,689,312	\$	25,163,800	\$	446,291	\$	21,437,769	\$	21,884,060
												_
FUNCTIONAL												
Street lights		126,955				126,955		122,517				122,517
Parks		317,994				317,994		263,461				263,461
Water and wastewater				10,741,843		10,741,843				11,317,178		11,317,178
Golf Course				1,219,884		1,219,884				1,114,690		1,114,690
Total expenditures	\$	444,949	\$	11,961,727	\$	12,406,676	\$	385,978	\$	12,431,868	\$	12,817,846
Change in net position		29,539		12,727,585		12,757,124		60,313		9,005,901		9,066,214
Net position												
beginning of year		970,622		102,374,698		103,345,320		910,309		93,368,797		94,279,106
Net position												
end of year	\$	1,000,161	\$	115,102,283	\$	116,102,444	\$	970,622	\$	102,374,698	\$	103,345,320

Both Governmental and Business-type Activities exhibited a positive change in net position primarily attributable to monitoring expenditures in conjunction with increasing revenue.

ANALYSIS OF POSITION

The overall financial position of the District increased during 2021, due to continued monitoring of operating expenditures and increasing revenue due to growth, a favorable arbitration settlement in the Water and Wastewater Enterprise Fund and increased player activity at the District's Golf Course.

Capital assets for both Governmental and Business-type Activities increased as the District continues to make improvements to its parks, golf course and water and wastewater infrastructure. The construction phase of the TDS Reduction Project commenced in 2021. This project alone accounted for almost \$25 million of the District's total Enterprise Funds' Capital of \$26,348,305 added in 2021. This project will assist the District in meeting the State mandate to reduce the TDS (Total Dissolved Solids) level in the District's wastewater outflow.

CAPITAL ASSETS:

	2021					2020						
	Governmen Activities			siness-Type Activities		Total	-	overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total
Water and												
Wastewater Fund and Golf course	\$		\$	161,563,046		161,563,046	\$		\$	135,214,741	\$	135,214,741
Street light and												
and park improvements	1,135,	845				1,135,845		1,087,633				1,087,633
Accumulated depreciation	(653,9	906)		(36,667,112)		(37,321,018)		(587,759)		(33,984,976)		(34,572,735)
Impairment				(565,000)		(565,000)				(565,000)		(565,000)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 481,9	939	\$	124,330,934	\$	124,812,873	\$	499,874	\$	100,664,765	\$	101,164,639

The long-term liabilities decreased during 2021 by nearly \$1,400,000 in the Water and Wastewater Enterprise fund due to the District paying principal on existing debt. This decrease occurred despite the District issuing Revenue Refunding Bonds for the partial refunding of the 2021 and 2013 Revenue Bonds to take advantage of low interest rates in early 2021.

LONG-TERM DEBT:

		2021					2020					
	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total		
Bonds payable Notes payable	\$	\$	59,021,319 6,850,294	\$	59,021,319 6,850,294	\$	\$	59,507,584 7,746,621	\$	59,507,584 7,746,621		
Total debt	\$ -	\$	65,871,613	\$	65,871,613	\$ -	\$	67,254,205	\$	67,254,205		

FUTURE TRENDS AND ECONOMIC FACTORS

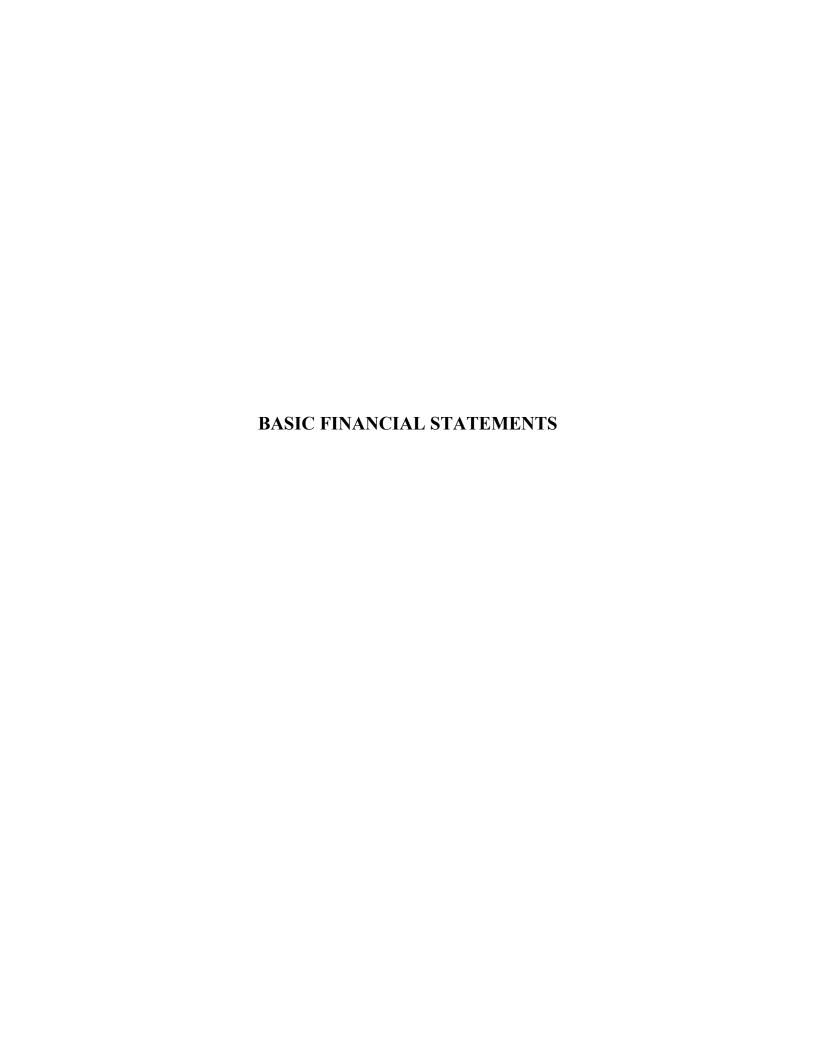
Cherokee Metropolitan District's financial position continued at a strong pace in 2021. Residential building continued and construction on two new apartment complexes and other multi-family dwellings is slated for 2022. The District's Golf Course continued to welcome many new customers partially due to the closure of another nearby golf course, the competitive fees charged for play and the growing popularity of the sport since the Pandemic.

The District will near completion of the Reverse Osmosis Plant (TDS Reduction Project) at the end of 2022. Water return flow quality limits imposed by the State of Colorado have made it necessary for the

District to construct this multi-million dollar facility to remedy the situation.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Cherokee Metropolitan District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to Amy Lathen, General Manager, at (719) 597-5080.



CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 30,995,779	\$ 30,995,779
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	418,506	28,824,361	29,242,867
Total cash and cash equivalents	418,506	59,820,140	60,238,646
Accounts receivable	-	1,866,660	1,866,660
Loan receivable	-	102,787	102,787
Inventories	-	53,097	53,097
Prepaid expenses	4,010	92,882	96,892
Due (to) from other funds	104,368	(104,368)	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated			
depreciation	481,939	124,330,934	124,812,873
Total assets	1,008,823	186,162,132	187,170,955
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	8,662	3,376,819	3,385,481
Accrued expenses	-	315,436	315,436
Accrued interest	-	831,572	831,572
Customer deposits	-	210,002	210,002
Unearned revenue	-	351,620	351,620
Interfund Loan payable	-	102,787	102,787
Long-term liabilities			
Due within one year	-	1,536,126	1,536,126
Due in more than one year	-	64,335,487	64,335,487
Total liabilities	8,662	71,059,849	71,068,511
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	481,939	58,459,321	58,941,260
Restricted	432,739	28,824,361	29,257,100
Unrestricted	85,483	27,818,601	27,904,084
Total net position	\$ 1,000,161	\$ 115,102,283	\$ 116,102,444

CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2021

CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2021

		General Fund		Parks Fund	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS	_		_		_		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	418,506	\$	418,506	
Prepaid expense Loan receivable		-		4,010		4,010	
Due from other funds		181,930		-		181,930	
Total assets	\$	181,930	\$	422,516	\$	604,446	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	8,662	\$	8,662	
Due to other funds				77,562		77,562	
Total liabilities				86,224		86,224	
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable: Prepaid expenditures Restricted Assigned to:		14,233		4,010 418,506		4,010 432,739	
Subsequent years expenditures		-		-		-	
Unassigned		167,697		(86,224)		81,473	
Total fund balance		181,930		336,292		518,222	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	181,930	\$	422,516	\$	604,446	
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Short Total fund balance, governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not finance resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital assets		he Statemen	t of N	et Position:	\$	518,222 481,939	
Net position of governmental activities					\$	1,000,161	

CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2021

	(General Fund	Parks Fund	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUE						
Fees	\$	140,357	\$ 183,240	\$	323,597	
Conservation Trust funds		-	150,525		150,525	
Interest/miscellaneous income		-	366		366	
Total revenues		140,357	334,131		474,488	
EXPENDITURES						
Lighting		126,955	_		126,955	
Parks, landscape and open space		-	300,059		300,059	
Total expenditures		126,955	300,059		427,014	
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		13,402	 34,072		47,474	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out		(13,402)	13,402		_	
Total other financing sources		(13,402)	13,402		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			 47,474		47,474	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		181,930	 288,818		470,748	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	181,930	\$ 336,292	\$	518,222	

CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2021

A reconciliation reflecting the differences between the governmental funds net change in fund balances and change in net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities as follows:

8	
Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds	\$ 47,474
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays for the period.	 (17,935)
Change in net position - Governmental activities	\$ 29,539

CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2021

ASSETS	Water and Wastewater	Golf Course	
Current assets	Fund	Fund	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,012,480	\$ 983,299	\$ 30,995,779
Accounts receivable	1,866,660	-	1,866,660
Interfund loan receivable	102,787	-	102,787
Inventories	-	53,097	53,097
Prepaid expenses	82,541	10,341	92,882
Total current assets	32,064,468	1,046,737	33,111,205
Non-current assets			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	28,824,361	-	28,824,361
Capital assets, net of depreciation	122,141,539	2,189,395	124,330,934
Total non-current assets	150,965,900	2,189,395	153,155,295
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 183,030,368	\$ 3,236,132	\$ 186,266,500
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 3,374,564	\$ 2,255	\$ 3,376,819
Accrued expenses	314,384	1,052	315,436
Accrued interest	831,572	-	831,572
Due to other funds	(357,394)	461,762	104,368
Customer deposits	210,002	-	210,002
Unearned revenue	351,620	-	351,620
Interfund loan payable	-	102,787	102,787
Notes payable - current portion	916,126	-	916,126
Bonds payable - current portion	620,000		620,000
Total current liabilities	6,260,874	567,856	6,828,730
Non-current liabilities			
Notes payable	5,934,168	-	5,934,168
Bonds payable	58,401,319	-	58,401,319
Total non-current liabilities	64,335,487		64,335,487
Total liabilities	70,596,361	567,856	71,164,217
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	56,269,926	2,189,395	58,459,321
Restricted	28,824,361	-	28,824,361
Unrestricted	27,339,720	478,881	27,818,601
Total net position	112,434,007	2,668,276	115,102,283
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 183,030,368	\$ 3,236,132	\$ 186,266,500

CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Water and Wastewater Fund	Golf Course Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUE			
Water sales	\$ 7,713,097	\$ -	\$ 7,713,097
Sewer services	5,214,025	-	5,214,025
TDS Surcharge	686,585	-	686,585
Golf revenue	-	1,162,739	1,162,739
Resale		328,576	328,576
Total operating revenue	13,613,707	1,491,315	15,105,022
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Water system	2,932,625	-	2,932,625
Wastewater system	1,632,601	-	1,632,601
Support services	932,847	-	932,847
Golf course operations	-	889,791	889,791
General and administrative	1,509,736	244,110	1,753,846
Depreciation	2,596,153	85,983	2,682,136
Total operating expenses	9,603,962	1,219,884	10,823,846
OPERATING INCOME	4,009,745	271,431	4,281,176
NONOPERATING REVENUE AND (EXPENSES)			
Tap fees	6,899,413	-	6,899,413
Interest income	27,839	-	27,839
Miscellaneous income	684,073	10,530	694,603
Cost of issuance	(175,196)	-	(175,196)
Grant revenue	27,937	-	27,937
TDS Capital Contribution - Meridian	826,107		826,107
Interest expense	(491,884)	-	(491,884)
Legal - TDS Arbitration	(470,801)		(470,801)
Arbitration Settlement	1,108,391_		1,108,391
Total nonoperating revenue, net	8,435,879	10,530	8,446,409
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	12,445,624	281,961	12,727,585
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	99,988,383	2,386,315	102,374,698
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 112,434,007	\$ 2,668,276	\$ 115,102,283

CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2021

Cash received from customers \$1,5904,249 \$1,494,263 Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (1,661,355) (598,501) Cash payments to employees for services (2,476,970) (335,505) Cash payments to employees for services (2,476,970) (335,055) Cash FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 27,937 7 Change in due from other funds (36,134) (70,792) Chast FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 6,889,413 (70,792) CSH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 6,889,413 10,530 Miscellaneous income 6,840,73 10,530 Purchase of capital assets (26,167,551) (180,754) Bond proceeds (1,067,625) 1 Bond proceeds (1,067,625) 1 Bond proceeds (1,07,900) 1 To Spatial Contribution - Meridian (2,07,400) <t< th=""><th></th><th>Water and Wastewater Fund</th><th>Golf Course Fund</th></t<>		Water and Wastewater Fund	Golf Course Fund
Cash received from customers \$ 1,5904,249 \$ 1,494,265 Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (2,476,970) (535,505) Net eash provided by operating activities 11,765,924 360,257 CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 27,937 (70,792) Change in due from other funds (36,134) (70,792) Net eash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities (8,899,413) (70,792) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (8,899,413) 10,300 Purchase of capital assets (26,167,551) (180,754) Piricipal paid on debt (10,076,20) 10,000 Purchase of capital contribution - Meridian 86,4073 10,330 Purchase of capital contribution - Meridian (10,007,502) 10,000 Interfund loan/loan proceeds (14,072,206) 1 Interfund loan/loan proceeds (14,000,200) 1 Interfund contribution - Meridian 826,107 1 Legal - TDS Arbitration (30,000) 1 Escrow transfer/payment to retire existing debt (13,800,000) 1 <	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Tunu	Tung
Cash payments to employees for services (1.661.555) (598.501) Cash payments to employees for services (2.476.070) (355.505) Net eash provided by operating activities 11,765.924 360.257 CASI FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Grant revenue 27,937 (70.7922) Change in due from other funds (36.134) (70.7922) Net eash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities (81.97) (70.7922) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 6,899,413 10.530 Miscellancous income 684.073 10.530 Purchase of capital assets (26.167,551) (180.754) Principal paid on debt (1.067,625) - Bond proceeds (14.07,206) - Interfund loan/loan proceeds (158.354) 158.354 TDS Capital Contribution - Meridian 286.107 - Legal - TDS Arbitration (21.800,000) - Escrow transfer/payment to retire existing debt (13.800,000) - Arbitration Settlement (175.196) - Arbi		\$ 15,904,249	\$ 1,494,263
Cash payments to employees for services (2,476,970) (353,505) CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 27,937 - Grant revenue 27,937 (70,792) Change in due from other funds (36,134) (70,792) Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities (8,197) (70,792) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital contributions - tap fees 684,073 10,530 Purchase of capital assets (26,167,551) (180,754) Pirnicipal paid on debt (1,067,625) - Pirnicipal paid on debt (1,067,625) - Pirnicipal paid on debt (1,067,625) - Pirnicipal paid on debt (1,080,704) - Interfund loan/loan proceeds (1,188,354) 158,354 Interfund loan/loan proceeds (1,180,300) - Interfund loan/loan proceeds (1,180,800) - Payment received/made on interfund debt 5,5,66 (55,566) Bood itssuance costs (1,75,196) - Activitation Settlement (2,			
Net cash provided by operating activities			
Grant revenue 27,937 - (36134) (70,792) Change in due from other funds (36134) (70,792) Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities (8197) 70,7929 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 6,899,413 - (89,013) Gapital contributions - tap fees 6,899,413 10,530 Miscellaneous income 684,073 10,530 Purchase of capital assets (26,167,551) (180,754) Principal paid on debt (10,667,625) - (88,804) Bond proceeds 14,072,206 - (88,804) Interfund loan/loan proceeds (158,354) 158,354 TDS Capital Contribution - Meridian 26,6107 - (88,6107)	Net cash provided by operating activities	11,765,924	360,257
Grant revenue 27,937 - (36134) (70,792) Change in due from other funds (36134) (70,792) Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities (8197) 70,7929 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 6,899,413 - (89,013) Gapital contributions - tap fees 6,899,413 10,530 Miscellaneous income 684,073 10,530 Purchase of capital assets (26,167,551) (180,754) Principal paid on debt (10,667,625) - (88,804) Bond proceeds 14,072,206 - (88,804) Interfund loan/loan proceeds (158,354) 158,354 TDS Capital Contribution - Meridian 26,6107 - (88,6107)	CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Change in due from other funds (36,134) (70,792) Net cash provided by (used in) noneapital financing activities (8,197) (70,792) CASII FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital contributions - tap fees 6,899,413 1 Miscellancous income 684,073 10,530 Purchase of capital assets (26,167,515) (180,754) Principal paid on debt (1,067,625) - Bond proceeds 14,072,206 - Interfund loan/loan proceeds (18,354) 158,354 Interprincipal paid on debt (270,801) - Legal - TDS Arbitration (470,801) - Escrow transfer/payment to retire existing debt (13,800,000) - Payment received/made on interfund debt 55,566 (55,566) Bond issuance costs (175,196) - Bond issuance costs (175,196) - Brown transfer/payment to retire existing debt (19,007,360) (67,436) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (190,007,360) (67,436) Bond issuance costs 27,233 -		27,937	_
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	Change in due from other funds		(70,792)
Capital contributions - tap fees 6,899,413 - Miscellaneous income 684,073 10,530 Purchase of capital assets (26,167,551) (180,754) Principal paid on debt (1,007,625) - Bond proceeds 14,007,205 - Interfund loan/loan proceeds (158,354) 158,354 TDS Capital Contribution - Meridian 826,107 - Legal - TDS Arbitration (470,801) - Escrow transfer/payment to retire existing debt (13,800,000) - Payment received/made on interfund debt 55,566 (55,566) Bond issuance costs (175,196) - Arbitration Settlement 1,108,391 - Interest paid on debt (874,089) - Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (874,089) - Net cash provided by investing activities 27,839 - NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (7,282,294) 222,029 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ERGINNING OF YEAR \$8,836,841 \$983,299 ENCONCILIATION			
Capital contributions - tap fees 6,899,413 - Miscellaneous income 68,4073 10,530 Purchase of capital assets (26,167,551) (180,754) Principal paid on debt (1,067,625) - Bond proceeds 14,072,206 - Interfund loan/loan proceeds (158,354) 158,354 TDS Capital Contribution - Meridian 826,107 - Legal - TDS Arbitration (470,801) - Escrow transfer/payment to retire existing debt (13,800,000) - Payment received/made on interfund debt 55,566 (55,566) Bond issuance costs (175,196) - Arbitration Settlement 1,108,391 - Interest paid on debt (874,089) - Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (27,839) - Net cash provided by investing activities 22,839 - NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (22,822) 22,202 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR 66,119,135 761,270 CASH AND CASH EQUIVAL	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Miscellaneous income 684,073 10,530 Purchase of capital assets (26,167,551) (180,754) Principal paid on debt (1,067,625) - Bond proceeds 14,072,206 - Interfund loan/loan proceeds (158,354) 158,354 TDS Capital Contribution - Meridian 826,107 - Legal - TDS Arbitration (470,801) - Escrow transfer/payment to retire existing debt (13,800,000) - Escrow transfer/payment to retire existing debt (55,566) (55,566) Bond issuance costs (175,196) - Arbitration Settlement 1,108,391 - Interest paid on debt (874,089) - Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (19,067,860) (67,436) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received 27,839 - Net cash provided by investing activities 27,839 - NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (7,282,294) 222,202 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR \$		6.899.413	_
Purchase of capital assets (26,167,551) (180,754) Principal paid on debt (1,067,625) - Bond proceeds 14,072,206 - Interfund loan/loan proceeds (158,354) 158,354 TDS Capital Contribution - Meridian 826,107 - Legal - TDS Arbitration (470,801) - Escrow transfer/payment to retire existing debt (13,800,000) - Payment received/made on interfund debt 55,566 (55,566) Bond issuance costs (175,196) - Arbitration Settlement 1,108,391 - Interest paid on debt (874,089) - Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (19,067,860) (67,436) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received 27,839 - Net cash provided by investing activities 7(2,282,294) 222,029 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR 5,836,841 \$ 983,299 ERCONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH FLOWS Provided by operating activities: <td></td> <td></td> <td>10,530</td>			10,530
Principal paid on debt (1,067,625) - Bond proceeds 14,072,206 - Interfund loan/loan proceeds (158,354) 158,354 TDS Capital Contribution - Meridian 826,107 - Legal - TDS Arbitration (470,801) - Escrow transfer/payment to retire existing debt (13,800,000) - Payment received/made on interfund debt 55,566 (55,566) Bond issuance costs (175,196) - Arbitration Settlement 1,108,391 - Interest paid on debt (874,089) - Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (19,067,860) (67,436) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received 27,839 - Net cash provided by investing activities 27,839 - NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (7,282,294) 222,029 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR \$8,836,841 \$983,299 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH FLOWS \$1,918,962 2,948 Provided by operating	Purchase of capital assets		
Bond proceeds			-
Interfund loan/loan proceeds			_
TDS Capital Contribution - Meridian 826,107 - Legal - TDS Arbitration (470,801) - Escrow transfer/payment to retire existing debt (13,800,000) - Payment received/made on interfund debt 55,566 (55,566) Bond issuance costs (175,196) - Arbitration Settlement 1,108,391 - Interest paid on debt (874,089) - Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (19,067,860) (67,436) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received 27,839 - NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (7,282,294) 222,029 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR 66,119,135 761,270 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 58,836,841 \$ 983,299 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income \$ 4,009,745 \$ 271,431 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash 2,596,153 85,983 Effects of changes in operating assets			158,354
Legal - TDS Arbitration	•		-
Secret S			-
Payment received/made on interfund debt 55,566 (55,566) Bond issuance costs (175,196) - Arbitration Settlement 1,108,391 - Interest paid on debt (874,089) - Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (19,067,860) (67,436) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received 27,839 - Net cash provided by investing activities 27,839 - Net INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (7,282,294) 222,029 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR 66,119,135 761,270 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 58,836,841 \$ 983,299 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income \$ 4,009,745 \$ 271,431 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: 2 2 Depreciation 2,596,153 85,983 Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities: 1,918,962 2,948 Prepaid ex			-
Arbitration Settlement Interest paid on debt Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received Net cash provided by investing activities Net cash provided by investing activities Net cash provided by investing activities Net CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Prepaid expense Accounts payable Accounts payable Accounts payable Accounts payable Inventories Customer deposits Plant A Count of Expense Inventories Customer deposits 1,108,391 (1,910,67,860) 2,7,839 - 2,7,839 - 2,7,839 - 2,7,839 - 3,1,200 3,1,200 - (67,436) (67,436) (67,436) (67,436) (7,282,294) 222,029 223,029 224,029 225,029 225,029 225,029 225,029 227,839 227			(55,566)
Interest paid on debt Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (19,067,860) (67,436) (67,43	Bond issuance costs	(175,196)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (19,067,860) (67,436) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 27,839 - Interest received 27,839 - NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (7,282,294) 222,029 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR 66,119,135 761,270 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$58,836,841 \$983,299 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$271,431 Operating income \$4,009,745 \$271,431 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: 2,596,153 85,983 Depreciation 2,596,153 85,983 Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities: 1,918,962 2,948 Accounts receivable 1,918,962 2,648 Prepaid expense 156,596 2,674 Accounts payable 2,640,841 (7,897) Accrued expenses 72,047 8 Inventories 2 5,110 Uncarried revenue 351,620	Arbitration Settlement	1,108,391	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 27,839 - Interest received 27,839 - NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (7,282,294) 222,029 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR 66,119,135 761,270 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 58,836,841 \$ 983,299 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income	Interest paid on debt	(874,089)	-
Interest received	Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(19,067,860)	(67,436)
Net cash provided by investing activities 27,839 - NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (7,282,294) 222,029 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR 66,119,135 761,270 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 58,836,841 \$ 983,299 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income \$ 4,009,745 \$ 271,431 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: 2,596,153 85,983 Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities: 1,918,962 2,948 Prepaid expense 156,596 2,674 Accounts receivable 1,918,962 2,640,841 Prepaid expenses 72,047 8 Inventories 72,047 8 Inventories 5,110 Unearned revenue 351,620 - Customer deposits 19,960 -	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (7,282,294) 222,029 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR 66,119,135 761,270 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 58,836,841 \$ 983,299 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Prepaid expense Accounts receivable Prepaid expense 156,596 2,674 Accounts payable Accounts payable Account payable Account expenses 172,047 8 Inventories 172,047 183 184 184 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185	Interest received	27,839	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR 66,119,135 761,270 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 58,836,841 \$ 983,299 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income \$ 4,009,745 \$ 271,431 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ 2,596,153 85,983 Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities: \$ 1,918,962 2,948 Accounts receivable \$ 1,918,962 2,674 Accounts payable \$ 2,640,841 (7,897) Accrued expenses 72,047 8 Inventories - 5,110 Unearned revenue 351,620 - Customer deposits 19,960 -	Net cash provided by investing activities	27,839	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 58,836,841 \$ 983,299 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Prepaid expense Accounts payable Accounts payable Accounts payable Accrued expenses Inventories Inventories Unearned revenue Customer deposits \$ 58,836,841 \$ 983,299 Inventories Customer deposits \$ 4,009,745 \$ 271,431 \$ 2,596,153 \$ 85,983 \$ 1,918,962 2,948 \$ 1,918,962 2,948 \$ 2,640,841 (7,897) \$ 1,918,962 2,640,841 \$ 2,596,153 8 1,983 \$ 2,948 2,640,841 (7,897) \$ 2,640,841 (7,897) 8 \$ 1,918,962 2,640,841 (7,897) \$ 2,640,841 (7,897) 8 \$ 1,918,962 2,640,841 (7,897) \$ 2,640,841 (7,897) 8 \$ 1,918,962 2,640,841 (7,897) \$ 2,640,841 (7,897) 8 \$ 1,918,962 2,64	NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(7,282,294)	222,029
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	66,119,135	761,270
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income \$ 4,009,745 \$ 271,431 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ 2,596,153 85,983 Depreciation 2,596,153 85,983 Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities: 1,918,962 2,948 Accounts receivable 1,918,962 2,640 Prepaid expense 156,596 2,674 Accounts payable 2,640,841 (7,897) Accrued expenses 72,047 8 Inventories - 5,110 Unearned revenue 351,620 - Customer deposits 19,960 -	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 58,836,841	\$ 983,299
Depreciation 2,596,153 85,983 Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities: 1,918,962 2,948 Accounts receivable 1,918,962 2,948 Prepaid expense 156,596 2,674 Accounts payable 2,640,841 (7,897) Accrued expenses 72,047 8 Inventories - 5,110 Unearned revenue 351,620 - Customer deposits 19,960 -	PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	\$ 4,009,745	\$ 271,431
Accounts receivable 1,918,962 2,948 Prepaid expense 156,596 2,674 Accounts payable 2,640,841 (7,897) Accrued expenses 72,047 8 Inventories - 5,110 Unearned revenue 351,620 - Customer deposits 19,960 -	Depreciation	2,596,153	85,983
Prepaid expense 156,596 2,674 Accounts payable 2,640,841 (7,897) Accrued expenses 72,047 8 Inventories - 5,110 Unearned revenue 351,620 - Customer deposits 19,960 -		1 018 062	2 049
Accounts payable 2,640,841 (7,897) Accrued expenses 72,047 8 Inventories - 5,110 Unearned revenue 351,620 - Customer deposits 19,960 -			
Accrued expenses 72,047 8 Inventories - 5,110 Unearned revenue 351,620 - Customer deposits 19,960 -			
Inventories - 5,110 Unearned revenue 351,620 - Customer deposits 19,960 -			
Unearned revenue 351,620 - Customer deposits 19,960 -		12,041	_
Customer deposits 19,960 -		351 620	5,110
•			_
	Net cash provided by operating activities		\$ 360,257

CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

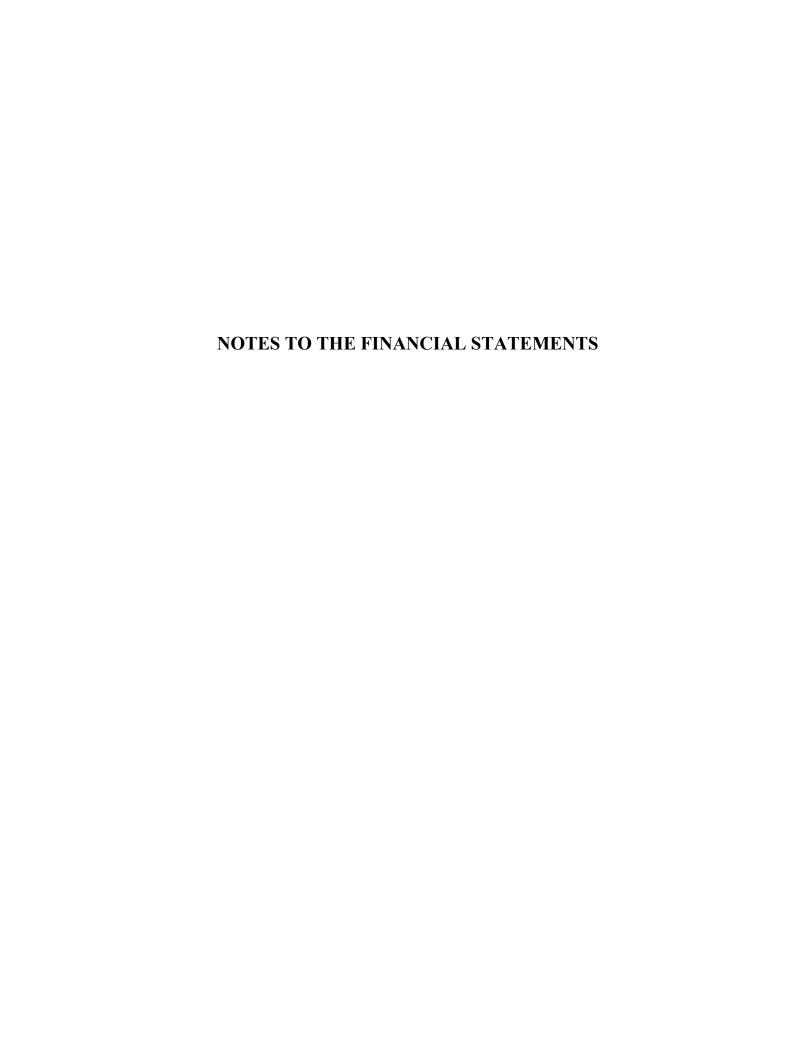
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	A	udgeted mounts Driginal	udgeted Amounts Final	Actual	Final Fav	nce with Budget - orable vorable)
REVENUE		<u> </u>	-			
Fees	\$	138,000	\$ 140,400	\$ 140,357	\$	(43)
Total Revenue		138,000	140,400	140,357		(43)
EXPENDITURES						
Lighting		124,000	127,000	 126,955		45
Total Expenditures		124,000	127,000	126,955		45
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		14,000	 13,400	 13,402		2
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out		_	(13,400)	(13,402)		(2)
Total other financing sources			(13,400)	(13,402)		(2)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		14,000	 	 		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		180,217	180,217	 181,930		1,713
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	194,217	\$ 180,217	\$ 181,930	\$	1,713

CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARKS FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	A	udgeted mounts nal & Final	Actual	Fin: F	riance with al Budget - avorable ifavorable)
REVENUE					
Fees	\$	178,000	\$ 183,240	\$	5,240
Conservation Trust funds		125,000	150,525		25,525
Interest/miscellaneous income		600	366		(234)
Total Revenues		303,600	334,131		30,531
EXPENDITURES					
Parks, landscape and open space		273,073	251,847		21,226
Capital outlay		123,000	48,212		74,788
Total Expenditures		396,073	300,059		96,014
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES		(92,473)	34,072		126,545
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		13,400	13,402		2
Total other financing sources		13,400	13,402		2
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(79,073)	 47,474		126,547
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		279,838	288,818		8,980
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	200,765	\$ 336,292	\$	135,527



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

History and organization - Cherokee Metropolitan District (District) is a political subdivision of the State of Colorado. The District converted from Cherokee Water and Sanitation District on May 11, 1992. On May 11, 1992, Cimarron Hills Street Improvement District merged into Cherokee Metropolitan District. The District provides water and wastewater services and parks to residents of the District.

The District financial statements are prepared in accordance with the U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). A summary of the significant accounting policies used in the preparation of those financial statements follows.

Reporting entity - The District has no component units for which either discrete or blended presentation is required. The inclusion or exclusion of component units is based on a determination of the elected official's financial accountability to their constituents, and whether the financial reporting entity follows the same accountability. Further, the financial statements of the reporting entity should enable the reader to distinguish between the primary government (including its blended component units) and discretely presented component units. The criteria used for determining whether an entity should be included, either blended or discretely presented, includes but is not limited to fiscal dependency, imposition of will, legal standing, and the primary recipient of services.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

Government- wide financial statements - The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental actives are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed to a significant extent by fees and charges.

The statement of activity demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- continued

or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) fees and charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a lability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flow. On an accrual basis, property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements - The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current fiscal period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financial sources.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- continued

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are interest revenue and charges for services. Specific ownership taxes collected and held by the county at year-end on behalf of the District are also recognized as revenue. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants recognize revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds maintained is consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Parks Fund - The Parks Fund is accounted for as a special revenue fund. It is used to account for monies received by the District for the purpose of making necessary repairs and improvements to the District's parks.

The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water and Wastewater Enterprise Fund - The Water and Wastewater Enterprise Fund is used for activities of providing and processing water and wastewater.

Golf Course Enterprise Fund - The Golf Course Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the golf course.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- continued

An Enterprise Fund is used to account for those operations financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the board has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. The District has two enterprise funds - the Water and Wastewater Fund and the Golf Course Fund. The intent of the District is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as the program revenue include 1) charges to customers for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise fund are charges for service. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Deposits and investments - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in the bank, money market funds are short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, including restricted cash and investments. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables - All receivables are reported to their gross value and, when appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- continued

Inventories and prepaid items - Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Due to and from other funds - Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. In the fund financial statements, these receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds". In the government-wide financial statements, all internal balances have been substantially eliminated.

Restricted cash and investments - The use of certain cash investments of the District is restricted. These cash and investment items are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate accounts and their use is restricted by third party agreements.

Capital assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. street lights, signs and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

If proprietary fund assets are constructed, interest is capitalized on the assets acquired with taxexempt debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset, or materially extend asset lives, are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- continued

Buildings, improvements, vehicles, and equipment of the government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Street Lights	5-10 years
Park Improvements	10 years
Improvements	5-40 years
Buildings	40 years
Equipment	5-20 years
Transmission	5-50 years
Water Rights	50 years

When depreciable property is acquired, depreciation is included in expense for the year of acquisition for the number of months during the year the asset was in service. When depreciable property is retired or otherwise disposed of, depreciation is included in expense for the number of months in service during the year of retirement and the related costs and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with any gain or loss reflected in the statement of revenue, expenses and change in net position.

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources - Deferred outflow and inflow of resources are a consumption or acquisition of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District does not have any of these items.

Compensated absences - Employees earn 80 hours of sick leave per year. Employees hired before January 1, 2015 may accumulate up to 480 hours. Upon retirement or voluntary termination, an employee is paid for up to 320 hours at the employee's current salary rate. Employees hired after January 1, 2015 may accumulate 80 hours of sick leave and are not paid for sick leave upon retirement or termination of service.

Employees earn vacation time in varying amounts based upon length of service. Employees are paid for unused vacation time upon termination.

The District has recorded a liability for compensated absences in the proprietary funds.

Long-term liabilities - In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- continued

liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Issue costs are reported as expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund balance classification - The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications available to be used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was used when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- continued

Assigned - This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Directors or through the Board of Directors delegating this responsibility to management through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for any governmental funds except for the General Fund.

Unassigned - This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

The District typically uses *Restricted* fund balances first, followed by *Committed* resources, then *Assigned* resources as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend *Unassigned* resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budget information - The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

A. In the fall, the District Manager submits to the Board of Directors, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

- B. Public hearings are conducted by the District to obtain taxpayer comments.
- C. Prior to December 15, the budget is legally approved.
- D. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Trustees.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- continued

- E. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the governmental and proprietary funds.
- F. The budget for the General and Parks Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.
- G. The budget for the Water and Wastewater and Gold Course Enterprise Funds is prepared on a basis of accounting other than GAAP, which is normal for proprietary funds. The primary differences are that bond proceeds are treated as a budget source, and capital expenditure and principal payments are treated as a budget use.
- H. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or amended.
- I. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the year.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's deposits and investments consist of the following at December 31, 2021:

		Restricted cash				
	Ca	ish and cash		and cash		
	e	quivalents	e	quivalents		Total
Deposits	\$	21,683,547	\$	-	\$	21,683,547
ColoTrust		9,312,232		29,242,867		38,555,099
Total	\$	30,995,779	\$	29,242,867	\$	60,238,646

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents and investments to the government-wide financial statements at December 31, 2021, is:

	Restricted cash				
	Cash and cash		and cash		
	equivalents		equivalents		Total
Governmental activities	\$ -	\$	418,506	\$	418,506
Business-type activities	30,995,779		28,824,361		59,820,140
Total	\$ 30,995,779	\$	29,242,867	\$	60,238,646

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - continued

Cash equivalents - The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. The PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public finds held.

The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits.

At December 31, 2021, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$21,683,547 and the bank balances were \$21,713,316. Of the bank balances, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$21,213,316 falls under the provisions of the PDPA, which is collateralized in single institution pools.

The District is authorized by Colorado statutes to invest in the following:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agencies' securities;
- Certain international agencies' securities;
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities;
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks;
- Certain commercial paper;
- Local government investment pools;
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities;
- Certain money market funds;
- Guaranteed investment contracts.

Fair Value Measurements – The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles.

The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset and give the highest level to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest level to unobservable inputs (level 3) as follows:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS- Continued

Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices.

Level 3: Valuation derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable.

Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy.

Investments measured at NAV:

COLOTRUST

Total investments measured at NAV

\$38,555,099

Investments Measured at NAV:

Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds for investment purposes by state statutes. A twelve-member Board of Trustees, elected by the fund participants, is responsible for overseeing the management of COLOTRUST, including establishing operating standards and policies. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Designated custodial banks provide safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions of COLOTRUST. All securities owned by COLOTRUST are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by COLOTRUST. Investments of COLOTRUST consist of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and note strips and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury notes. COLOTRUST reports all investments as level 2 investments while the District's investment in COLOTRUST is reported at NAV. The District has no unfunded commitments or redemption restrictions on their investment in COLOTRUST. The separate audited financial statements of COLOTRUST are available on their website at www.colotrust.com.

Credit risk - State law limits investments to those described above. The District does not have an investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of December 31, 2021, all of the District's investments were invested in COLOTRUST. COLOTRUST has a credit quality rating of "AAAm", as determined by Standard & Poor Global Ratings.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS- Continued

Interest rate risk - State law limits investments with a maximum maturity date of no more than five years from the date of purchase. The District does not have an investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at December 31, 2021, consisted of the following:

User fees	\$ 1,646,499
IGA	173,974
Other	46,187
Total	\$ 1,866,660

NOTE 4 - INTER-FUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Due to/from other funds - Inter-fund receivable and payables are created in conjunction with the District's pooled cash, and are paid back within a reasonable time. As of December 31, 2021, interfund receivables and payables were as follows:

•	Due from other funds	Due to other funds
General Fund	\$ 181,930	\$ -
Parks Fund	-	77,562
Golf Course Fund	-	461,762
Water and Wastewater Fund	357,394	
Total	\$ 539,324	\$ 539,324

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance at December 31,				Disp	osals/	Balance at December 31,			
Governmental activities:		2020	Additions		Retirements			2021		
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Street lights Park improvements and equipment	\$	55,960 1,031,673	\$	48,212	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	55,960 1,079,885		
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,087,633		48,212		<u> </u>		1,135,845		
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Street lights		(55,960)		-		-		(55,960)		
Park improvements and equipment		(531,799)		(66,147)		_		(597,946)		
Total accumulated depreciation		(587,759)		(66,147)		<u>-</u>		(653,906)		
Total capital assets, net	\$	499,874	\$	(17,935)	\$		\$	481,939		

Business-type capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance at December 31,			A 1 11/4	-	osals/	Balance at December 31,		
		2020		Additions	Retir	ements		2021	
Business-type activities:									
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	2,218,728	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,218,728	
Water rights		39,985,305		207,548		-		40,192,853	
CIP - TDS		2,183,115		24,946,752		-		27,129,867	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Land improvements		1,020,020		-		-		1,020,020	
Buildings		23,960,016		33,840		-		23,993,856	
Equipment		11,915,270		428,768		-		12,344,038	
Transmission		53,932,287		731,397				54,663,684	
Total capital assets being									
depreciated		135,214,741		26,348,305		<u> </u>		161,563,046	
Less accumulated depreciation		(33,984,976)		(2,682,136)		-		(36,667,112)	
Less: allowance for impaired assets	_	(565,000)	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(565,000)	
Total business-type activities									
capital assets, net	\$	100,664,765	\$	23,666,169	\$		\$	124,330,934	

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities

Parks	\$ 66,147
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 66,147
Business-type activities	
Water and wastewater	\$ 2,596,153
Golf course	85,983
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 2,682,136

As of December 31, 2021, an allowance of \$565,000 relating to challenged water rights remains unchanged in the current year. See (NOTE 12) relating to the District's contingencies relating to water litigation.

NOTE 6 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable at December 31, 2021, consisted of the following:

Accounts payable - trade	\$ 2,222,047
Accounts payable - retainage	 1,163,434
	\$ 3,385,481

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority loans

On November 8, 2006, the District entered into a loan agreement with the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority (CWRPDA) for \$15,249,690 collateralized by pledge of net revenues from the Water and Wastewater Fund (revenues after deducting operation and maintenance expenses).

The 2006 loan is payable semiannually, with principal and interest payments of \$381,209 to \$526,461, including interest at 3.5% with the final payment due August 1, 2027. CWRPDA

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - continued

restructured the loan in May 2016 which reduced the District's debt service costs over the remainder of the term of the loan.

On May 13, 2016 CWRPDA refinanced the bonds that support the 2006 loan that they have issued to the District. As a result of this refinancing CWRPDA has agreed to provide interest credits which reduce the effective interest rate to approximately 3.0% on future payments on the 2006 note. No other payment terms were changed. The present value of this savings is \$745,046. The future minimum payments as noted below have been adjusted for the new interest payments.

On September 11, 2012, the District entered into a loan agreement with the CWRPDA for \$2,000,000, collateralized by a pledge of net revenues from the Water and Wastewater Fund (revenues after deducting operation and maintenance expenses). The 2012 loan requires principal and interest payments of \$22,500 to \$76,528, including interest at 2.0%. The loan is scheduled to mature August 1, 2033.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loans are as follows:

December 31,	Principal	Interest		
2022	\$ 916,126	\$	212,806	
2023	940,046		192,428	
2024	958,645		168,352	
2025	998,777		133,246	
2026	1,055,079		76,113	
2027 - 2031	1,690,261		52,254	
2032 - 2033	298,608		7,502	
Total	\$ 6,857,542	\$	842,701	
2032 - 2033	\$ 1,690,261 298,608	\$	7,502	

Revenue bonds – The District issued Series 2012 revenue bonds (\$9,415,000 original issue) to provide funds for the purchase of water rights, well field development, water treatment and water conveyance infrastructure. The bond principal and interest are payable from the District's net pledged revenue, which includes all revenues of the water and wastewater system less operation and maintenance expenses. The bonds have an interest rate varying annually from two to four

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - continued

percent, interest payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year.

Principal is payable annually on August 1, and mature no later than December 31, 2037. The District sought a level aggregate annual debt service level that takes into account prior financing with the CWRPDA (detailed above), both financing for wastewater infrastructure.

The District issued Series 2013 revenue bonds (\$9,660,000 original issue) to provide funds for the purchase of water rights, well field development, water treatment and water conveyance infrastructure. The bond principal and interest are payable from the District's net pledged revenue, which includes all water and wastewater system less operation and maintenance expenses. The bonds have an interest rate varying annually from two to four percent, interest payable semi-annually, principal payable annually on August 1 of each year and mature no later than December 31, 2033. The District sought a level aggregate annual debt service level that takes into account prior financing with the CWRPDA (detailed above), both financing for wastewater infrastructure.

On April 29, 2021, the District issued Series 2021A and 2021B revenue refunding bonds to provide funds for the partial redemption of the Series 2012 and 2013 revenue bonds. The issuance of these bonds will provide the District an interest savings of over \$1.1 million dollars while retaining the same maturity dates as the original Series 2012 and Series 2013 revenue bonds. The revenue refunding bonds have an interest rate varying annually from 2.21% and 2.31% interest payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1, principal payable annually on August 1 of each year and mature no later than December 31, 2033.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the partially refunded Series 2012 and Series 2013 revenue bonds and the 2021A and 2021B revenue refunding bonds are as follows:

December 31,	Principal	Interest		
2022	\$ 620,000	\$	349,775	
2023	670,000		304,357	
2024	725,000		263,606	
2025	730,000		249,845	
2026	745,000		236,008	
2027 - 2031	7,940,000		850,476	
2032 - 2033	 3,795,000		109,143	
Total	\$ 15,225,000	\$	2,363,210	

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - continued

On October 22, 2020, the District issued Series 2020 revenue bonds in the amount of \$38,755,000 to provide funds for the construction of a reverse osmosis wastewater treatment plant to meet the TDS (Totally Dissoloved Solids) level mandated by the State of Colorado. The bond principal and interest are payable from the District's net pledged revenue, which includes all revenue of the water and wastewater system less operation and maintenance expenses. The bonds have an interest rate of four percent, interest payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. Principal is payable annually on August 1, and mature no later than December 31, 2050.

The bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption. The mandatory sinking fund redemption dates are August 1 of each year.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Series 2020 revenue bonds are as follows:

December 31,	Principal	Interest
2022	\$ -	\$ 1,550,200
2023	-	1,550,200
2024	-	1,550,200
2025	-	1,550,200
2026	-	1,550,200
2027 - 2031	-	7,751,000
2032 - 2036	5,105,000	7,552,200
2037 - 2041	9,965,000	5,963,800
2042 - 2046	12,120,000	3,805,400
2047 - 2050	11,565,000	1,179,200
Total	\$ 38,755,000	\$ 34,002,600

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - continued

Changes in long-term liabilities

		Balance at ecember 31, 2020	Additions		Deductions	Balance at ecember 31, 2021	Amounts Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities:							
2006 note payable	\$	6,010,707	\$ -	\$	778,868	\$ 5,231,839	\$ 794,982
2006 note issuance discount		(8,546)	-		(1,298)	(7,248)	-
2012 note payable		1,744,460			118,757	 1,625,703	121,144
Total notes payable		7,746,621			896,327	 6,850,294	 916,126
2012 revenue bonds payable	\$	7,030,000	\$ -	\$	6,825,000	\$ 205,000	\$ 205,000
2013 revenue bonds payable		7,645,000	-		6,975,000	670,000	330,000
2020 revenue bonds payable		38,755,000	-		-	38,755,000	-
2021A revenue bonds payable		-	7,050,000		70,000	6,980,000	30,000
2021B revenue bonds payable		-	7,470,000		100,000	7,370,000	55,000
Bond issuance premium - 2020 bonds		5,597,530	-		192,255	5,405,275	-
Bond issuance premium		480,054	-		396,216	83,838	-
Bond issuance discount -2021 A&B bonds	3	-	(447,794)		-	(447,794)	-
Total revenue bonds payable		59,507,584	14,072,206	_	14,558,471	59,021,319	620,000
Total - Business-type activities							
long-term liabilities	\$	67,254,205	\$ 14,072,206	\$	15,454,798	\$ 65,871,613	\$ 1,536,126

NOTE 8 - NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation reduced by outstanding debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2021, the District had invested in capital assets, net of related debt as follows:

Net investment in capital assets

Capital assets, net of depreciation \$124,812,873

Less: related debt (65,871,613)

Total net investment in capital assets \$58,941,260

NOTE 8 - NET POSITION - continued

Restricted net position is restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of December 31, 2021, the District had restricted net position as follows:

Restricted for:

Capital projects, bond reserve, etc.	\$ 28,614,359
Parks	418,506
Customer deposits	210,002
TABOR	 14,233
Total restricted net assets	\$ 29,257,100

NOTE 9 - PENSION

The District provides pension benefits through a 457b retirement plan. All full-time employees participate in the Plan. Employees are vested immediately. The District contributes 8% of an employee's wages to the Plan. The employee can choose to contribute but is not required to do so. Contributions for 2021 totaled \$213,579.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The District carries commercial insurance for these risks of loss, including worker's compensation. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years. Further, the District practices water supply planning and short term contracting to ensure adequate supplies for the community.

NOTE 11 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS (IGA)

The District has entered into several agreements with other governmental entities to provide water and wastewater treatment. These agreements stipulate various means to obtain, trade or provide water and wastewater services. These agreements are a normal part of the operations of the District

NOTE 11 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS (IGA) - continued

and management believes that these agreements do not constitute significant long-term commitments of the District which would require additional disclosures. Specific information concerning the summaries of certain intergovernmental agreements can be obtained from the District.

Meridian Service Metropolitan District – Arbitration Settlement

On April 26, 2021, an arbitration judge ruled that Meridian Service Metropolitan District ("Meridian") is responsible for 45.8% of the cost of the reverse osmosis plant that the District is building to lower its TDS level as mandated by the State of Colorado. In addition, Meridian is responsible for 45.8% of the TDS-related costs that the District has occurred since 2015.

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation - The District is involved in several pending or threatened lawsuits, the most significant of which are described below. The District and its legal counsel estimate that the potential claims against the District not covered by insurance or accrued for, resulting in such litigation, would not materially affect the financial statements of the District.

Environmental Violations. The District is operating under a Compliance on Consent (CoC) order issued by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) regarding the amount of Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) contained in treated effluent leaving the District's Water Reclamation Facility (WRF) and being reintroduced into the groundwater in the Upper Black Squirrel Creek Basin. Based on this order Cherokee must comply with the State's TDS limits no later than January 2023. The Cherokee's Board of Directors approved a project to comply with the CoC and the Reverse Osmosis plant will be operating by the January 2023 deadline. The estimated cost of the infrastructure and associated construction is approximately \$40 million.

NOTE 13 - AMENDMENT TO COLORADO CONSTITUTION

In November 1992, the voters of Colorado approved the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), which added Section 20 to Article X, of the Colorado Constitution. In general, TABOR restricts the ability of the State and local governments to increase revenues and spending, to impose taxes, and to issue debt and certain other types of obligations without voter approval. TABOR generally applies to the State and all local governments, including the District.

NOTE 13 - AMENDMENT TO COLORADO CONSTITUTION - continued

Fiscal year spending and revenue limits are determined based on prior year spending adjusted for inflation and local growth. Revenue in excess of the limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue. TABOR is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the amendment. However, the District has made certain interpretations of the amendment's language in order to determine its compliance. The District does not receive any mill levy revenue and is therefore not subject to the limitations of TABOR.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) WATER AND WASTEWATER ENTERPRISE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Original	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUE				(0.1101.01.01.01)
Water sales	\$ 7,760,000	\$ 7,760,000	\$ 7,713,097	\$ (46,903)
Sewer services	5,420,000	5,215,000	5,214,025	(975)
Water and wastewater tap fees	1,794,000	6,900,000	6,899,413	(587)
Interfund loan revenue	=	-	55,566	55,566
Grant revenue	6,000	27,937	27,937	-
Interest income	40,000	9,614	9,614	-
Miscellaneous income	527,512	686,000	684,073	(1,927)
Total Revenue	15,547,512	20,598,551	20,603,725	5,174
EXPENSES Water system				
Purchased water	25,000	25,000	17,499	7,501
Pumping	999,700	999,700	890,623	109,077
Treatment	298,009	298,009	208,022	89,987
Transmission and distribution	1,380,887	1,380,887	1,284,276	96,611
Employee benefits and training	543,765	543,765	532,205	11,560
Total Water system	3,247,361	3,247,361	2,932,625	314,736
Wastewater system				
Treatment	1,300,247	1,300,247	1,175,695	124,552
Collection	817,500	817,500	456,906	360,594
Total Wastewater system	2,117,747	2,117,747	1,632,601	485,146
Command Commission				
Support Services	417,068	417,068	414,385	2,683
Engineering and Pretreatment Safety and technical services	288,737	288,737	307,127	(18,390)
Employee benefits and training	220,735	220,735	211,335	9,400
Employee benefits and training	926,540	926,540	932,847	(6,307)
	720,510	720,310	752,017	(0,507)
Other	1 002 710	1 002 710	1.500.737	202.002
General and administrative	1,803,719	1,803,719	1,509,736	293,983
Capital expenditures	8,241,088	8,241,088	1,220,799	7,020,289
Debt principal payments Interest and bond fees	1,397,625	1,397,625	1,567,624	(169,999)
Total Other	807,797 12,250,229	807,797 12,250,229	4,983,499	7,266,730
Total Other	12,230,229	12,230,229	4,965,499	7,200,730
Total Expenses	18,541,877	18,541,877	10,481,572	8,060,305
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENSES	(2,994,365)	2,056,673	10,122,153	8,065,479
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Restricted Bond proceeds	23,800,000	23,800,000	-	(23,800,000)
Bond proceeds - 2021A & B Issues	-	14,520,000	14,520,000	-
Escrow transfer - to retire existing debt	-	(14,344,804)	(14,344,804)	-
Cost of issuance	=	(175,196)	(175,196)	-
TDS Surcharge	630,000	630,000	686,585	56,585
TDS Capital Contribution - Meridian	1,300,000	1,300,000	826,107	(473,893)
Interest earned on bond proceeds	80,000	80,000	18,225	(61,775)
Interfund Loan to Golf Course Enterprise Fund	-	(162,110)	(158,354)	3,756
Legal - TDS Arbitration	(500,000)	(500,000)	(470,801)	29,199
Arbitration Settlement	(1.201.405)	(1.201.405)	1,108,391	1,108,391
Debt service - 2020 Bond issue	(1,201,405)	(1,201,405)	(1,360,916)	(159,511)
TDS Project	(23,800,000)	(23,800,000)	(23,393,581)	<u>406,419</u> (22,890,829)
Total other financing sources	308,393	146,485	(22,744,344)	(22,890,829)
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	(2,685,770)	2,203,158	(12,622,191)	(14,825,350)
GAAP Adjustments				
Capital expenditures			26,167,551	
Principal payments on bonds			1,567,624	
Escrow transfer/payment of existing debt			14,346,006	
Issuance of new debt			(14,520,000)	
Interfund Loan to Golf Course Enterprise Fund-net of	payment		102,787	
Depreciation			(2,596,153)	
Change in net position			\$ 12,445,624	

CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

GOLF COURSE ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts		Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget - Favorable	
		Original		Final	Actual	(Un	favorable)
REVENUE							
Golf revenue	\$	910,000	\$	1,162,739	\$ 1,162,739	\$	-
Resale		250,000		328,576	328,576		-
Miscellaneous				10,530	 10,530		
Total Revenue		1,160,000		1,501,845	 1,501,845		
EXPENDITURES							
Operating expense		670,668		670,668	689,252		(18,584)
Resale expense		151,500		151,500	200,539		(49,039)
General and administrative		246,202		246,202	244,110		2,092
Debt service - principal		-		55,566	55,566		-
Capital expenditures		86,000		248,110	180,754		67,356
Total Expenses		1,154,370		1,372,046	 1,370,221		1,825
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		5,630	\$	129,799	\$ 131,624	\$	1,825
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Interfund Loan proceeds				162,110	 158,354		(3,756)
Total other financing sources				162,110	 158,354		(3,756)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	_	5,630		291,909	289,978		(1,931)
GAAP Adjustments							
Capital expenditures					180,754		
Interfund loan from Water and Wastewater Enterprise F	und				(158,354)		
Principal payments on debt					55,566		
Depreciation					 (85,983)		
Change in net position					\$ 281,961		

CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE AND RESERVE REQUIREMENTS Year Ended December 31, 2021

Revenue	
Water sales	\$ 7,713,097
Sewer charges	5,214,025
Tap fees	6,899,413
TDS Surcharge	686,585
Interest income	9,614
Miscellaneous income	 684,073
TOTAL REVENUES	21,206,807
Operating Expenses	9,603,962
Less: depreciation	 (2,596,153)
NET EXPENSES	7,007,809
NET REVENUES (PLEDGED PROPERTY)	\$ 14,198,998
Maximum debt service requirement	\$ 3,665,803
DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE FACTOR	 387.34%